

# The Optimized Interactive Objects for CryEngine 1 ®

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## Prologue:

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Probably to create the correct interactive objects possessing physics of a corpse. But such objects strongly influence game performance. There is other variant suitable for the adaptation of many interactive objects on maps. Even simultaneous activation of hundred such objects will not affect productivity of game. It is necessary to create the script of object and its model with a set of animations.

- Romochka

## Step 1:

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It is necessary to register object in a script "Scripts\ClassRegistry.lua"

### code:

```
1: {"", "InteractiveObject", 209, "Others/InteractiveObject.lua"}, -- add line
```

## Step 2:

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To create a text file "**InteractiveObject.lua**" in a directory "**Others\**"

Also registering in it functions:

### code:

```
1: InteractiveObject = {}
2: function InteractiveObject:OnInit()
3: end
4: function InteractiveObject:OnReset()
5: end
6: function InteractiveObject:OnPropertyChange()
7: end
8: function InteractiveObject:OnEnter(sender)
9: end
10: function InteractiveObject:OnLeave(sender)
11: end
12: InteractiveObject.Empty = {}
13: InteractiveObject.Occupied = {}
14: InteractiveObject.Shooted = {}
15: InteractiveObject.Return = {}
16: function InteractiveObject:StartAnimationDEFAULT()
17: end
18: function InteractiveObject:StartAnimationTOUCH()
19: end
20: function InteractiveObject:StartAnimationSHOOT()
21: end
22: function InteractiveObject:OnSave(stm)
23: end
24: function InteractiveObject:OnLoad(stm)
25: end
26: function InteractiveObject:OnShutDown()
27: end
```

### Step 3:

---

To register properties of object which can be changed in the Sandbox:

code:

```
1: InteractiveObject = {
2: type = "Trigger",
3: Properties = {
4: DimX = 1,
5: DimY = 1,
6: DimZ = 3,
7: object_Model = "",
8: AnimationDEFAULT = "",
9: AnimationTOUCH = "",
10: AnimationSHOOT = "",
11: Speed=1,
12: },
13: }
```

### Step 4:

---

To register in function "**OnInit**" and "**OnReset**" all variables:

code:

```
1: function InteractiveObject:OnInit()
2: self.bLoop=1;
3: self.bPlaying=1;
4: self:TrackColliders(1);
5: self:OnPropertyChange();
6: self.vEntered=0;
7: self.vShoot=1;
8: self:RegisterState("Empty" );
9: self:RegisterState("Occupied" );
10: self:RegisterState("Shooted" );
11: self:RegisterState("Return" );
12: self:OnReset();
13: end
```

**code:**

```
1: function InteractiveObject:OnReset()
2: local Min = { x=-self.Properties.DimX/2, y=-self.Properties.DimY/2, z=-self.Properties.DimZ/2 };
3: local Max = { x=self.Properties.DimX/2, y=self.Properties.DimY/2, z=self.Properties.DimZ/2 };
4: self:SetBBox( Min, Max );
5: self.vEntered=0;
6: self.vShoot=1;
7: self:StartAnimationDEFAULT();
8: self:CreateStaticEntity( 100, 0 );
9: self: PhysicalizeCharacter( 100,0,0,0 );
10: self:GotoState("Empty" );
11: end
```

## Step 5:

---

To integrate preset values of parameters:

**code:**

```
1: function InteractiveObject:OnPropertyChange()
2: if (self.Properties.object_Model == "" ) then
3: do return end;
4: end
5: if (self.ModelName ~= self.Properties.object_Model) then
6: self.ModelName = self.Properties.object_Model;
7: if (self:LoadCharacter(self.ModelName,0)) then
8: self.bCharacter = 1;
9: self: DrawCharacter(0,1);
10: else
11: self:LoadObject( self.ModelName,0,1 );
12: self.bCharacter = 0;
13: self: DrawObject(0,1);
14: end
15: end
16: if (self.bPlaying ~= self.bAnimPlaying or self.bLoop ~= self.bAnimLoop or
17: self.Properties.AnimationDEFAULT ~= self.AnimName) then
18: self.bAnimPlaying = self.bPlaying;
19: self.bAnimLoop = self.bLoop;
20: self.AnimName = self.Properties.AnimationDEFAULT;
21: if (self.bPlaying == 1) then
22: self:StartAnimation(0,self.Properties.AnimationDEFAULT,0,0,1,self.bLoop);
23: else
24: self:ResetAnimation(0);
25: end
26: end
27: self:SetAnimationSpeed(self.Properties.Speed)p
```

## Step 6

---

To register two conditions of object:

### code:

```
1: function InteractiveObject:OnEnter(sender)
2: if ((self.vEntered ~= 0)) then
3: return
4: end
5: self.vEntered=1;
6: BroadcastEvent(self,"Enter" );
7: end
8:
9: function InteractiveObject:OnLeave(sender)
10: if (self.vEntered == 0) then
11: return
12: end
13: self.vEntered=0;
14: BroadcastEvent(self,"Leave" );
15: end
```

## Step 7

---

To register all subconditions (states) of object:

### code:

```
1: InteractiveObject.Empty = {
2: OnBeginState = function(self)
3: self.vEntered=0;
4: end,
5: OnEndState = function(self)
6: end,
7: OnEnterArea = function(self,entity,areald)
8: self:StartAnimationTOUCH();
9: self:GotoState("Occupied" );
10: end,
11: OnDamage = function(self,hit)
12: if(self.vShoot == 1) then
13: self:StartAnimationSHOOT();
14: self.vShoot=0;
15: self:GotoState("Shooted" );
16: end
17: end,
18: }
```

**code:**

```
1: InteractiveObject.Occupied = {
2: OnBeginState = function(self)
3: self:OnEnter(self);
4: end,
5: OnEndState = function(self)
6: end,
7: OnLeaveArea = function(self,entity,areald)
8: self:SetTimer(4000/self.Properties.Speed);
9: end,
10: OnDamage = function(self,hit)
11: if(self.vShoot == 1) then
12: self:StartAnimationSHOOT();
13: self.vShoot=0;
14: self:GotoState("Shooted" );
15: end
16: end,
17: OnTimer = function(self)
18: self:OnLeave(self);
19: self:GotoState("Empty" );
20: self:StartAnimationDEFAULT();
21: end,
22: }
```

**code:**

```
1: InteractiveObject.Shooted = {
2: OnBeginState = function(self)
3: self:SetTimer(500);
4: end,
5: OnEndState = function(self)
6: end,
7: OnEnterArea = function(self,entity,areald)
8: self:StartAnimationTOUCH();
9: self:GotoState("Occupied" );
10: end,
11: OnTimer = function(self)
12: self.vShoot=1;
13: self:GotoState("Return" );
14: end,
15: }
```



**code:**

```
1: InteractiveObject.Return = {
2:   OnBeginState = function(self)
3:     self:SetTimer(3500/self.Properties.Speed);
4:   end,
5:   OnEndState = function(self)
6:   end,
7:   OnEnterArea = function(self,entity,areald)
8:     self:StartAnimationTOUCH();
9:     self:GotoState("Occupied" );
10:  end,
11:  OnDamage = function(self,hit)
12:    if(self.vShoot == 1) then
13:      self:StartAnimationSHOOT();
14:      self.vShoot=0;
15:      self:GotoState("Shooted" );
16:    end
17:  end,
18:  OnTimer = function(self)
19:    self:GotoState("Empty" );
20:    self:StartAnimationDEFAULT();
21:  end,
22: }
```

## Step 8:

---

Functions starting animations:

**code:**

```
1: function InteractiveObject:StartAnimationDEFAULT()
2: self:ResetAnimation(0);
3: self:StartAnimation(0,self.Properties.AnimationDEFAULT,0,0,1,self.bLoop);
4: self:SetAnimationSpeed(self.Properties.Speed);
5: end
6:
7: function InteractiveObject:StartAnimationTOUCH()
8: self:ResetAnimation(0);
9: self:StartAnimation(0,self.Properties.AnimationTOUCH)
10: self:SetAnimationSpeed(self.Properties.Speed);
11: end
12:
13: function InteractiveObject:StartAnimationSHOOT()
14: self:ResetAnimation(0);
15: self:StartAnimation(0,self.Properties.AnimationSHOOT)
16: self:SetAnimationSpeed(self.Properties.Speed);
17: end
```

## Step 9:

---

Other functions:

```
code:
1: function InteractiveObject:OnSave(stm)
2: end
3:
4: function InteractiveObject:OnLoad(stm)
5: end
6:
7: function InteractiveObject:OnShutDown()
8: end
```

# EDIT #

Delays functions

[AnimPlant.Occupied.OnLeaveArea.self:SetTimer \(count/speed\)](#)

count - time through which animation "**TOUCH**" comes to the end and begins animation "**DEFAULT**"  
speed - factor of speed for change of time of reproduction of animation (it is necessary that animation has had time to end before to be replaced with another)

[AnimPlant.Shooted.OnBeginState.self:SetTimer \(count\)](#)

count - time on which function is blocked (to avoid strangenesses in visualization)

[AnimPlant.Return.OnBeginState.self:SetTimer \(count/speed\)](#)

count - time through which works state " AnimPlant. Empty " (that at repeated activations of other functions animation has not got off, which else can play)  
speed - factor of speed for change of time of reproduction of animation (it is necessary that animation has had time to end before to be replaced with another)

...

end script

## Step 10:

---

To create model and three animations for it:

`_default` - plays at absence of influences

`_shoot` - simulates shooting

`_touch` - simulates a touch

To convert animations in a ".cga" format.

## Step 11:

---

Naming model animations...

`plant_howea.cga` -- model name

`plant_howea_wind.anm` -- animation name

...and use in SandBox:

`plant_howea.cga` -- model name

`howea_wind.anm` -- animation name

Feature: In the editor the part of a animation name up to a sign "\_" is not used.

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Happy modding!